

New network access infrastructure for research and collaborations

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11/30/10

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Case Study

- Suppose you have a (web-) site or application that collects data from multiple (external) sites.
- It is hosted inside CCHMC
 - Inside access is direct
 - Employees are also allowed to use VPN to access the internal servers
 - External access is provided through “extranet.cchmc.org”

Case Study

- You typically face one or more of the following (technical) issues:
 - All external users need “extranet” accounts from IS
 - External accounts have relatively long request cycle
 - Account expirations without notification
 - Few disincentives for external collaborators NOT to share usernames and passwords
 - No readily available access audit trails on the network level
 - (needs to be implemented on the application level)
 - No centralized, audited access approval/removal process
 - Hard to find out who has access to what and why
 - If an external user has access to multiple applications, removal from one may well result in removal from all....
 - Timeouts in Extranet...
 - Mandatory extranet menu page, multiple steps
 - Links in emails (internal vs. external)

Expectations

- Increase in number of applications and complexity
- Number of external users increasing
 - UC especially
- Using CCHMC credentials to access other sites
 - NIH, UC, ...
- Increased enforcement of regulations
- More complicated access approval workflows

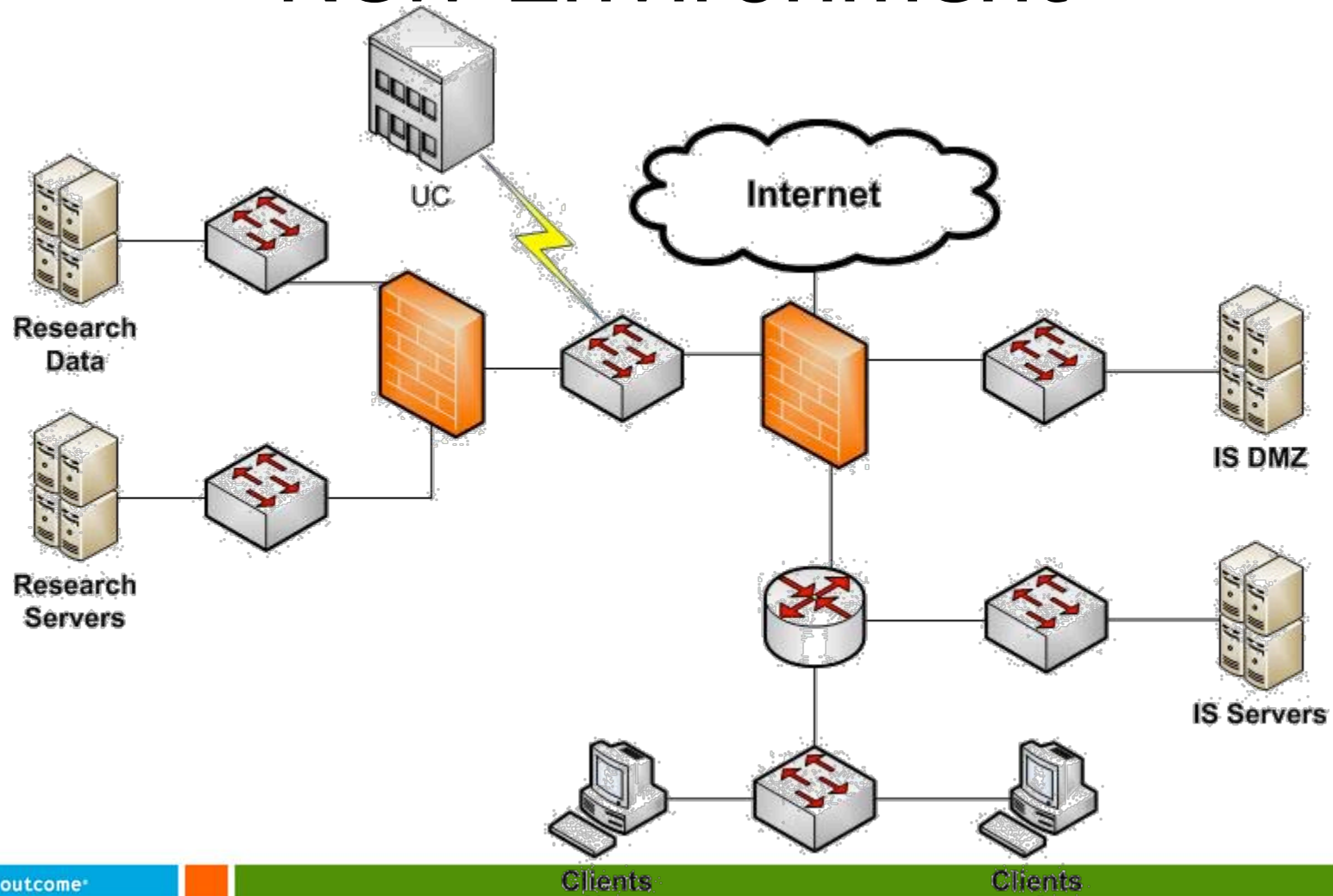
New network access infrastructure

- Ability to handle 1000s of users
- Single access point regardless where you are: same access mechanisms from inside CHMC and outside
- Ability to add/change/remove applications easily
- Ability to identify access levels across the board
- Give the responsible parties (application owners, PI, ORCRA, etc.) one place and ability to validate access lists on demand

New network access infrastructure

- Increase security
- Create layered network infrastructure to divide production, staging and test/dev environment
- ... and further separate research servers from the inside network and CCHMC mission critical servers

New Environment



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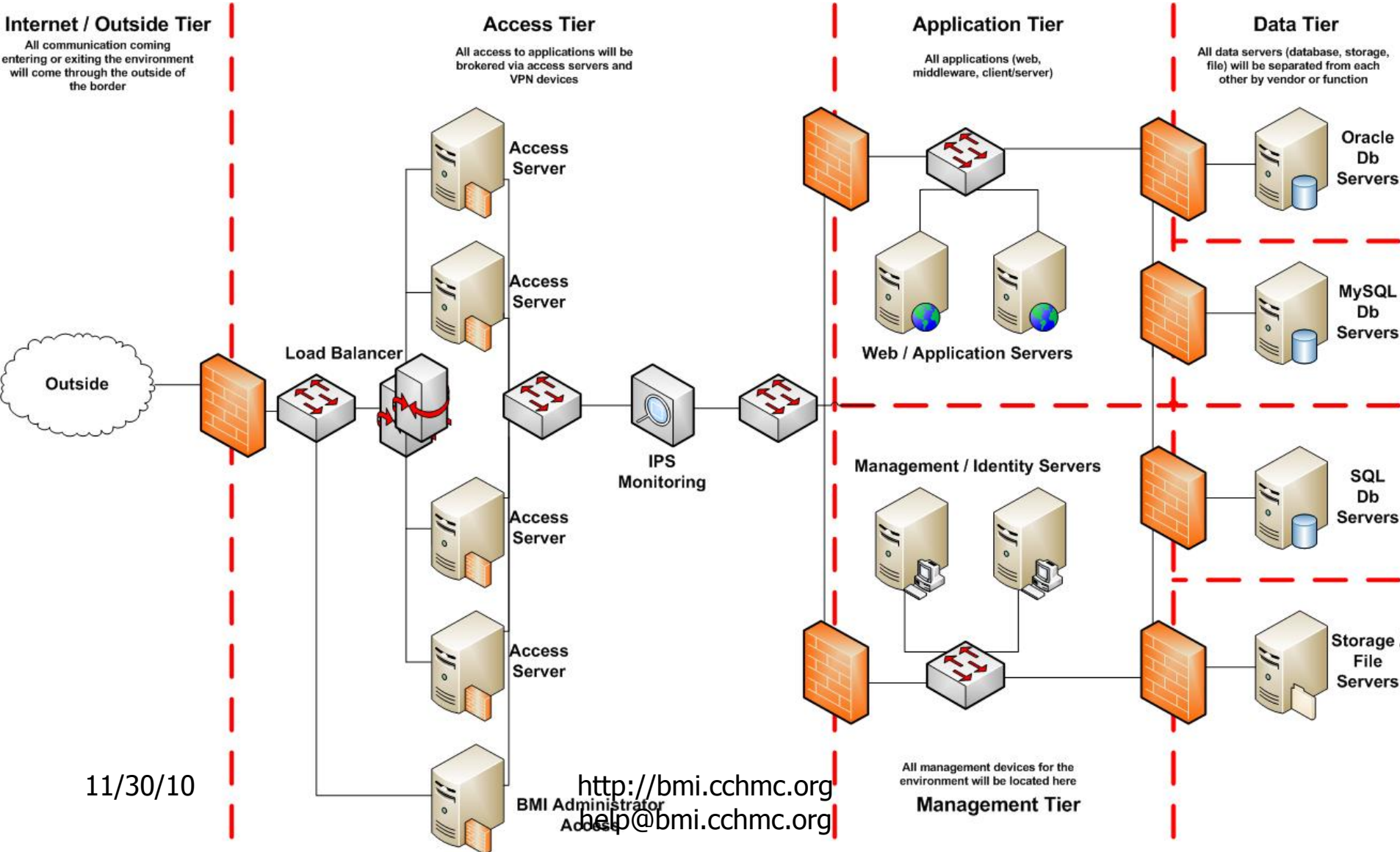
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New Environment

Internet / Outside Tier

All communication coming entering or exiting the environment will come through the outside of the border



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New network access infrastructure

- Provides platform for implementation of policies (current or upcoming)
- Provides platform for implementation of auditing capabilities
- Provides platform for implementation of a central place holding audit information for access granting

New network access infrastructure

- IS and BMI have built the network infrastructure and continuing to develop the identity management system
- Initially federation with UC and NIH and potentially other organizations: UC and NIH users will use their UC/NIH usernames and passwords on our systems. This will decrease the likelihood of their sharing of passwords etc.

New Environment

- IAM Environment
 - Self service for user administration:
 - Depending on regulatory requirements, PIs and application owners will have increased rights and responsibilities to administer access to their applications
 - Private roles for higher security application / requests
 - Limited to only application owners by proxy for requests
 - Public roles for user self service requests
 - Allows for both stringent approval and automatic approval
 - Shorter time to get users access
 - Go from days to <60 minutes based on approvals / availability

New Environment

- Accountability / ownership of access
 - With application owners / approvers, users can/will be responsible for security of their own applications and reviews
 - Regular reviews of access to ensure access is still required
- Strong authentication
 - All access is restricted at gateways until authenticated and authorized to access applications
- Fine grained authorizations
 - All users are authorized on an application by application basis rather than by location

New Environment

– Single Sign-on

- Single point of authentication / identity providers allows simplification of sign-on process
- Federation allows for management of personal credentials with partners and simplified access to hosted applications

How do sites/applications get into this new environment?

- Process will involve working with identity management team
- Initial documentation steps
- Transition time will depend on complexity of application, regulatory requirements
- (show the draft of the questionnaire)

It does not stop here...

- If your application requires closed data environment (no downloads)...
 - capability to lock it down completely and provide all tools within the environment
- If your application is not web based...
 - VDI capability (virtual desktop infrastructure)

Limited Demo

- <https://access.research.cchmc.org>